

What Does It Mean to be *Anglican*
Scottish & English Reformations, Part 2:
English Royals: *Tudors*

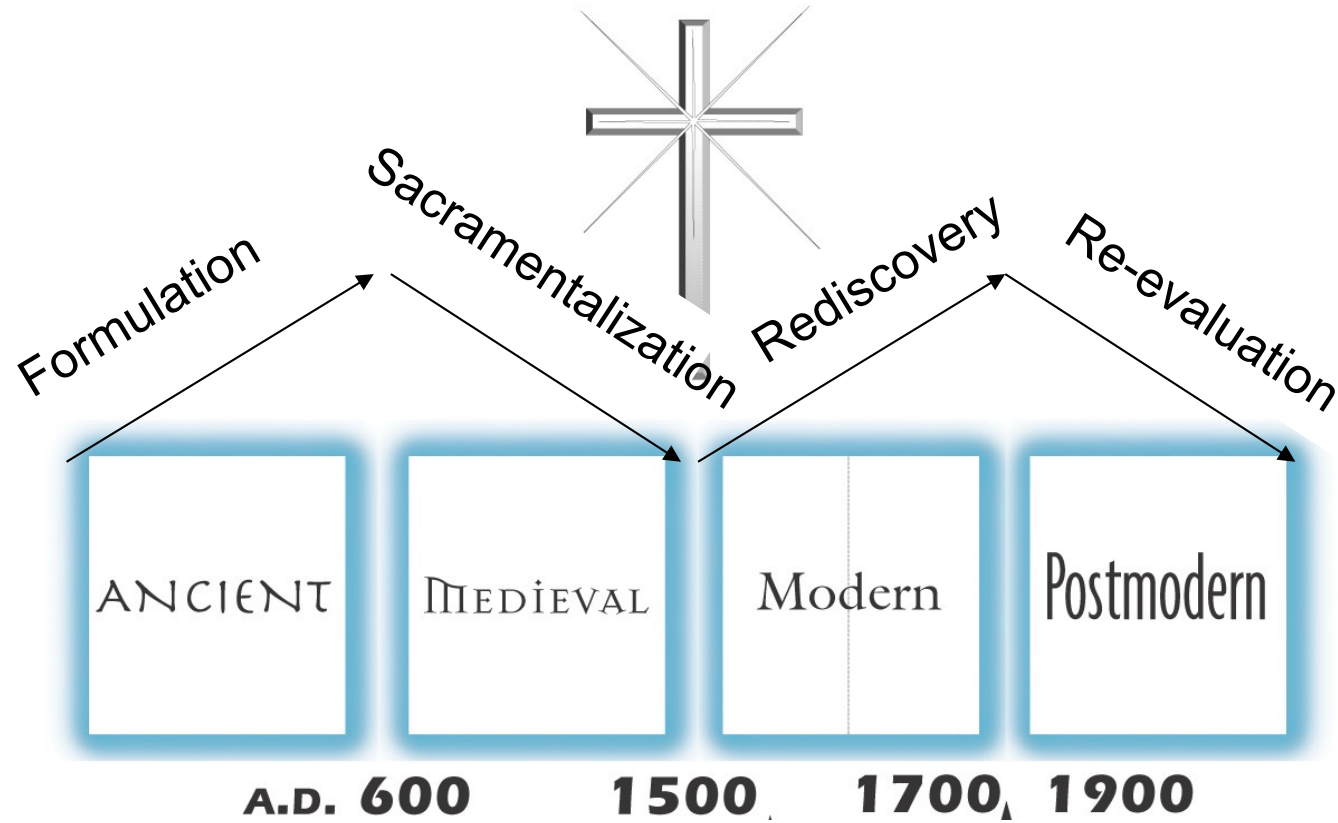
Bill Petro

your friendly neighborhood historian

billpetro.com/compass



The Divisions of History



Henry VIII (1491)
Thomas Cranmer

Objectives

By the end of this session, *you* should be able to

- Discuss causes of the **English Reformation**
- Identify how **English Royalty** affected the Reformation and *Puritanism*

Continent: Religion impacts Politics



Britain: Royal Politics impacts Religion

Why was there an English Reformation?

- Lollards: **Wycliffe**'s followers at Oxford
- Early Humanists: **Erasmus** at Cambridge
- Early Reformers: William **Tyndale**
 - **Tyndale**'s was first printed English Bible
 - **Wycliffe**'s was hand copied
- **Renaissance** Humanism, Literature, Music
- **Luther**'s Writings
- **Henry VIII**'s marital problems

War of the Roses: 1455-1485



Lancaster

+

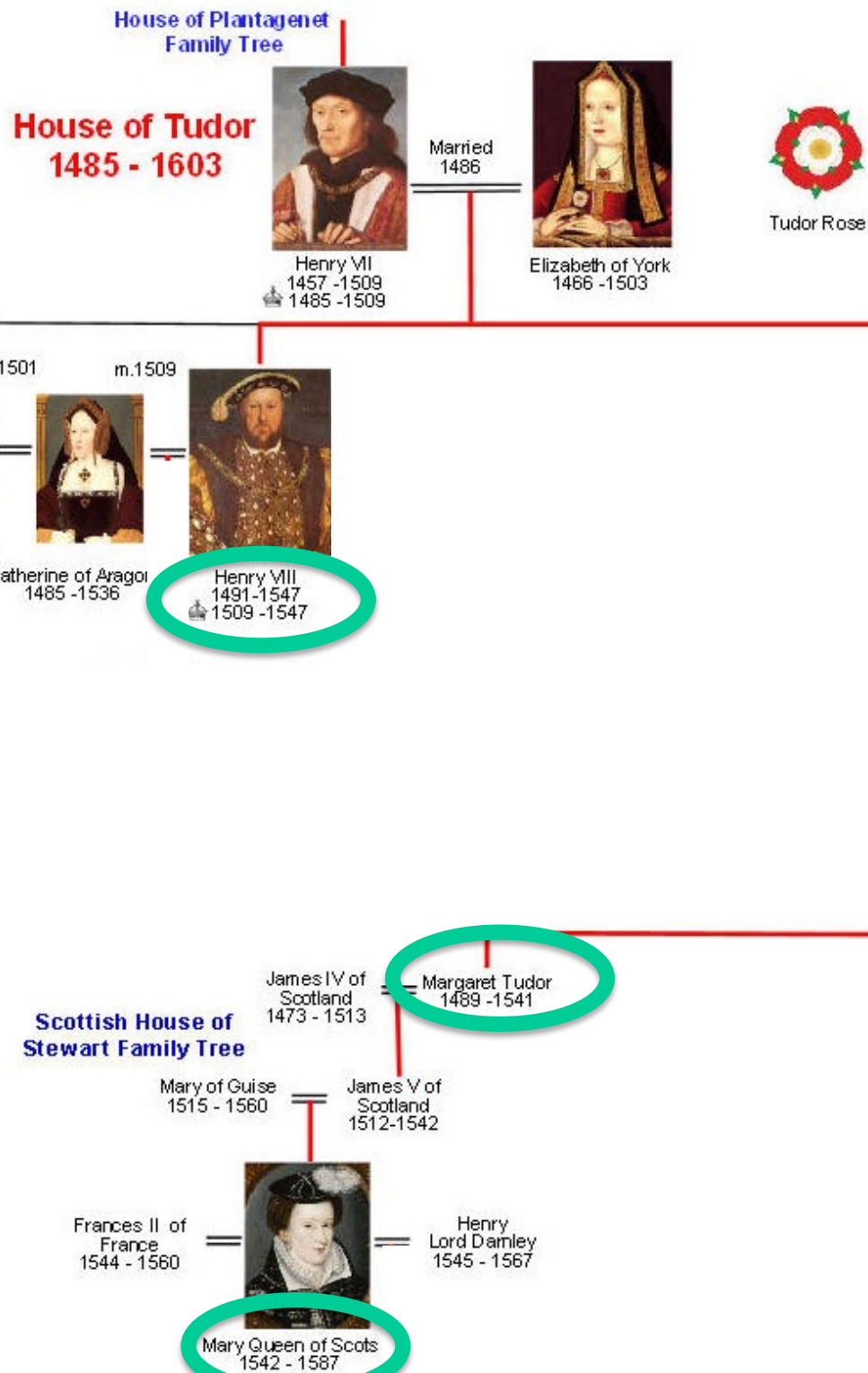


York

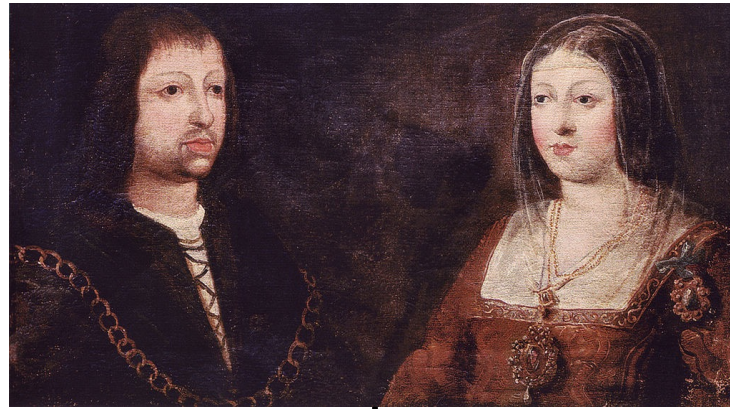
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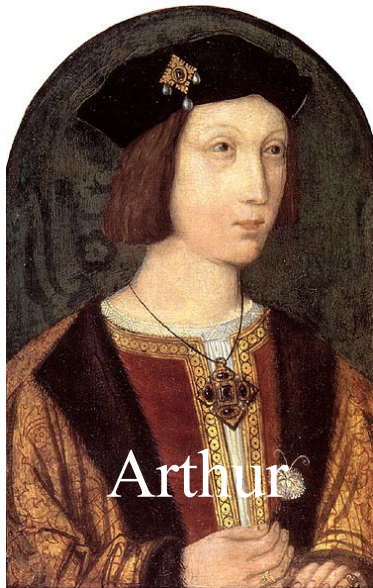
Tudor



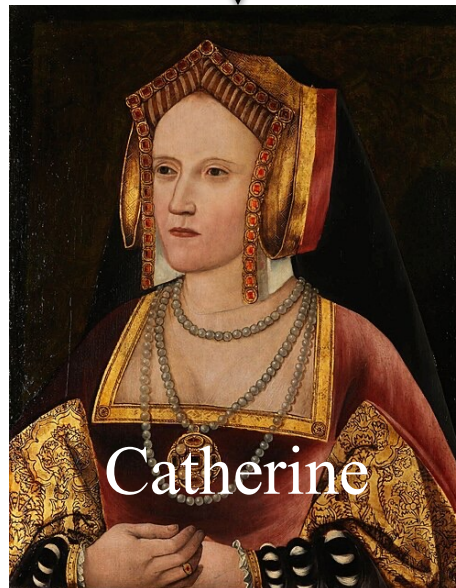
Ferdinand



& Isabella



Arthur



Catherine



Henry VIII



Charles V

Henry VIII

- Second son, after Arthur
- Clergy, theologian
- “Defender of the Faith”
- Married **Catherine**, brother’s widow – to keep dowry
- Sonless, *annulment*?
- Pope refused... Rome beseiged
- Rome was no longer head of church in *England*



Cardinal Thomas Wolsey

- Appointed by Pope Leo X
- Lord Chancellor to Henry VIII:
alter rex
- Could not secure a papal annulment for Henry
- Dismissed





Hampton Court Palace

Thomas Cranmer

- Wrote Bill of Annulment
- 1st Protestant Archbishop of Canterbury
- Wrote the *Book of Common Prayer*
- Chaplain to Boleyn Family



Henry's Actions

- 1532: Submission of the clergy
- 1534: Act of Supremacy: “Supreme Head”
- 1536: Closed all monasteries (£££)
- 1539: Six Articles
- Nationalized Church, doubling Crown revenue
- Annexed Wales, King of Ireland
- Roman Catholic in doctrine, but excommunicated

6 Wives of Henry VIII



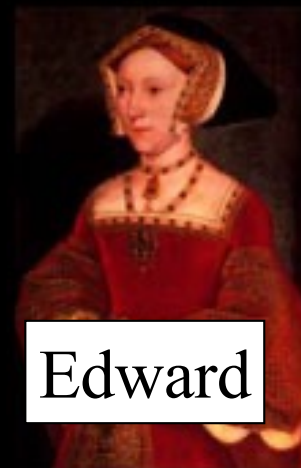
Mary

*Catherine
of Aragon*



Elizabeth

*Anne
Boleyn*



Edward

*Jane
Seymour*



*Anne
of Cleves*



*Kathryn
Howard*



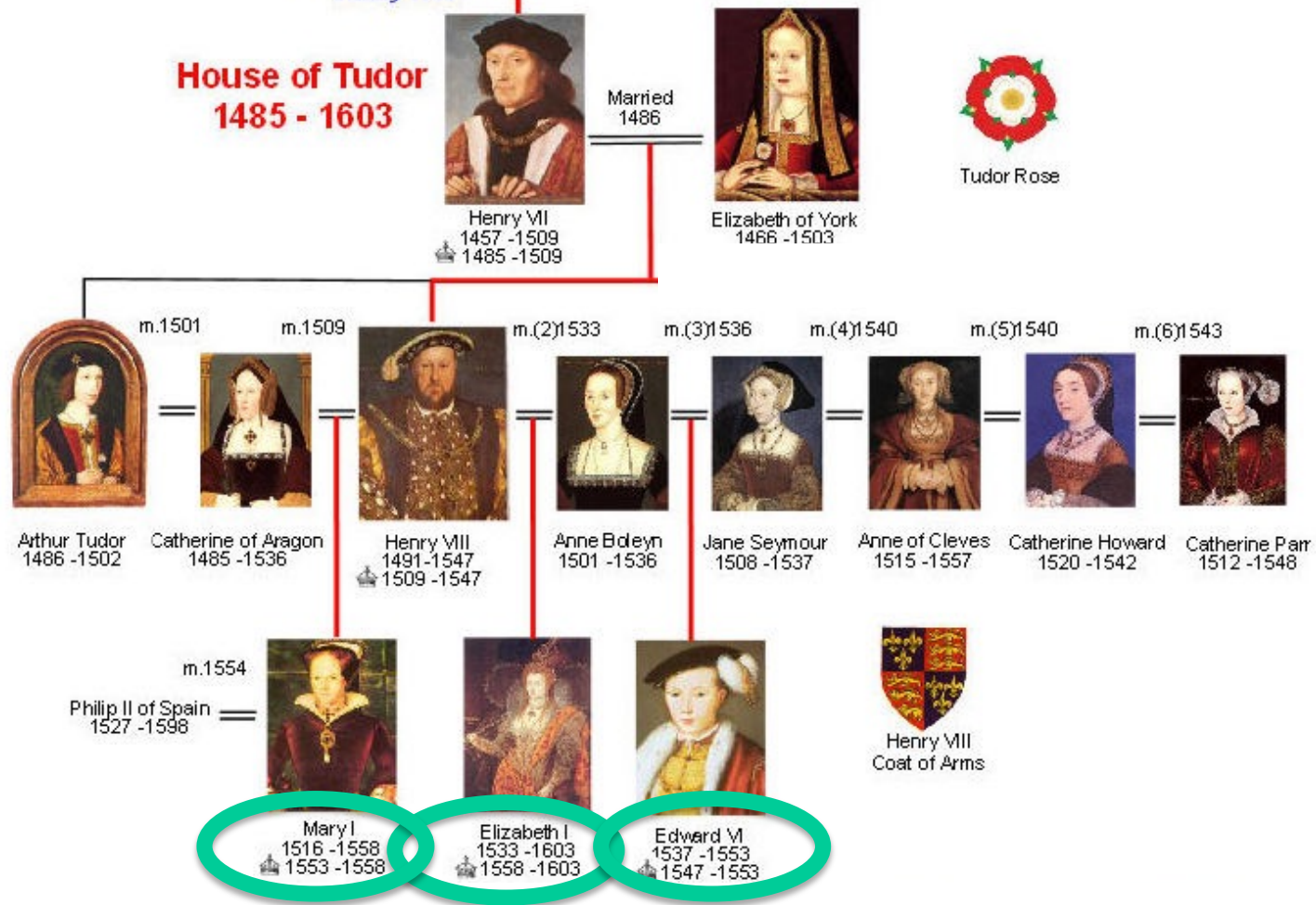
*Katherine
Parr*

Reformed Catholicism 1509

Henry VIII

House of Plantagenet
Family Tree

House of Tudor
1485 - 1603



Edward VI

- Boy king, 9-15
- 2 Protestant Regents
- Tutor: **Henry Bullinger**
- Chaplain: **John Knox**
- Willed his crown:
1st cousin: **Lady Jane Gray**
- Queen *for 9 days*.



<i>Reformed Catholicism</i>	1509	Henry VIII
<i>Advanced Protestantism</i>	1547	Edward VI

House of Plantagenet
Family Tree

House of Tudor
1485 - 1603



Henry VII
1457 -1509
1485 -1509

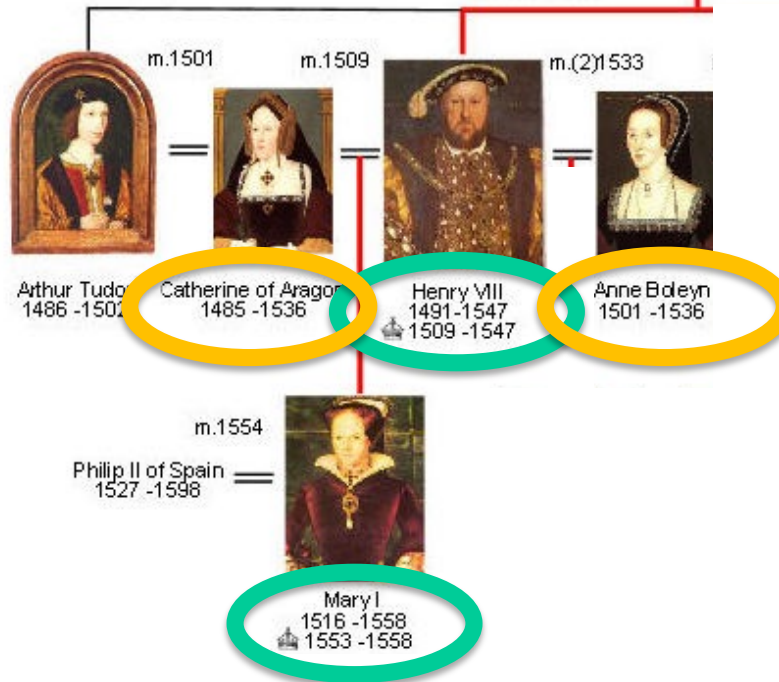
Married
1486



Elizabeth of York
1466 -1503



Tudor Rose



Mary Tudor

- “Bloody” Mary, 1553
- Married Spanish **Philip II**, enemy of England
- Restore Papacy?
- Persecuted Protestants
 - *Marian* exiles: Geneva, Frankfurt, Zurich
 - 300 Smithfield martyrs
 - Oxford Martyrs





REMEMBER THE MARTYRS OF THE REFORMATION
BOTH CATHOLIC AND PROTESTANT WHO LIVED IN OXFORDSHIRE
TAUGHT AT THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD OR WERE BROUGHT HERE
FOR EXECUTION

1539 Thomas Marshall

1540 Edward Powell →

1549 Thomas Bowldry

1549 Henry Joyes

1549 James Webbe

→ 1555 Hugh Latimer

→ 1555 Nicholas Ridley

1555 John Philpott

→ 1556 Thomas Cranmer

1556 Julins Palmer

1571 John Story

1577 Cuthbert Mayne

1581 Edmund Campion

1581 Ralph Sherwin

1582 William Filbie

1589 Thomas Belson

1589 George Nichols

1589 Humphrey Pritchard

1589 Richard Yaxley

1606 Nicholas Owen

1610 George Napier

1645 William Laud

1681 Stephen College

THOSE WHOSE NAMES ARE KNOWN STAND FOR ALL WHO SUFFERED



The Oxford Martyrs

Archbishop Cranmer and Bishops Ridley and Latimer were twice tried for heresy in St Mary's church during Catholic Queen Mary's attempt to reverse the Reformation. Ridley and Latimer were burned at the stake in 1555; Cranmer then recanted. In 1556 he was again brought to St Mary's: this pillar had been cut away to allow the building of a low platform from which he was to make his submission. At the last moment he withdrew his recantation. He walked from the church to the fire with a firm step and smiling countenance, putting first into the flame the hand with which he had signed his recantation.

Oxford Martyrs



Latimer, Ridley... Cranmer

Broad Street Monument



Opposite **Balliol College**, Oxford

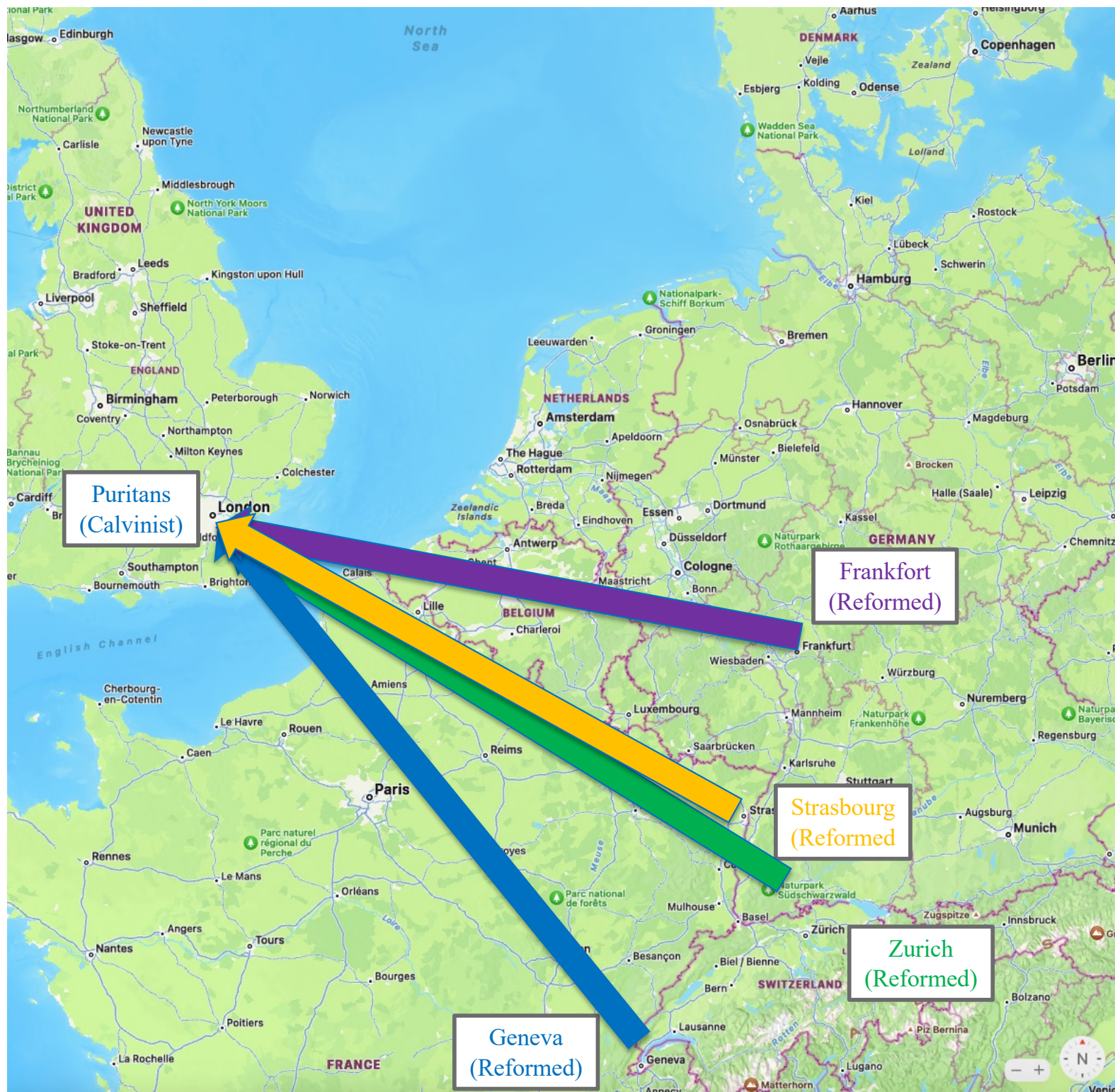
<i>Reformed Catholicism</i>	1509	Henry VIII
<i>Advanced Protestantism</i>	1547	Edward VI
<i>Militant Catholicism</i>	1553	Mary Tudor

Elizabeth I

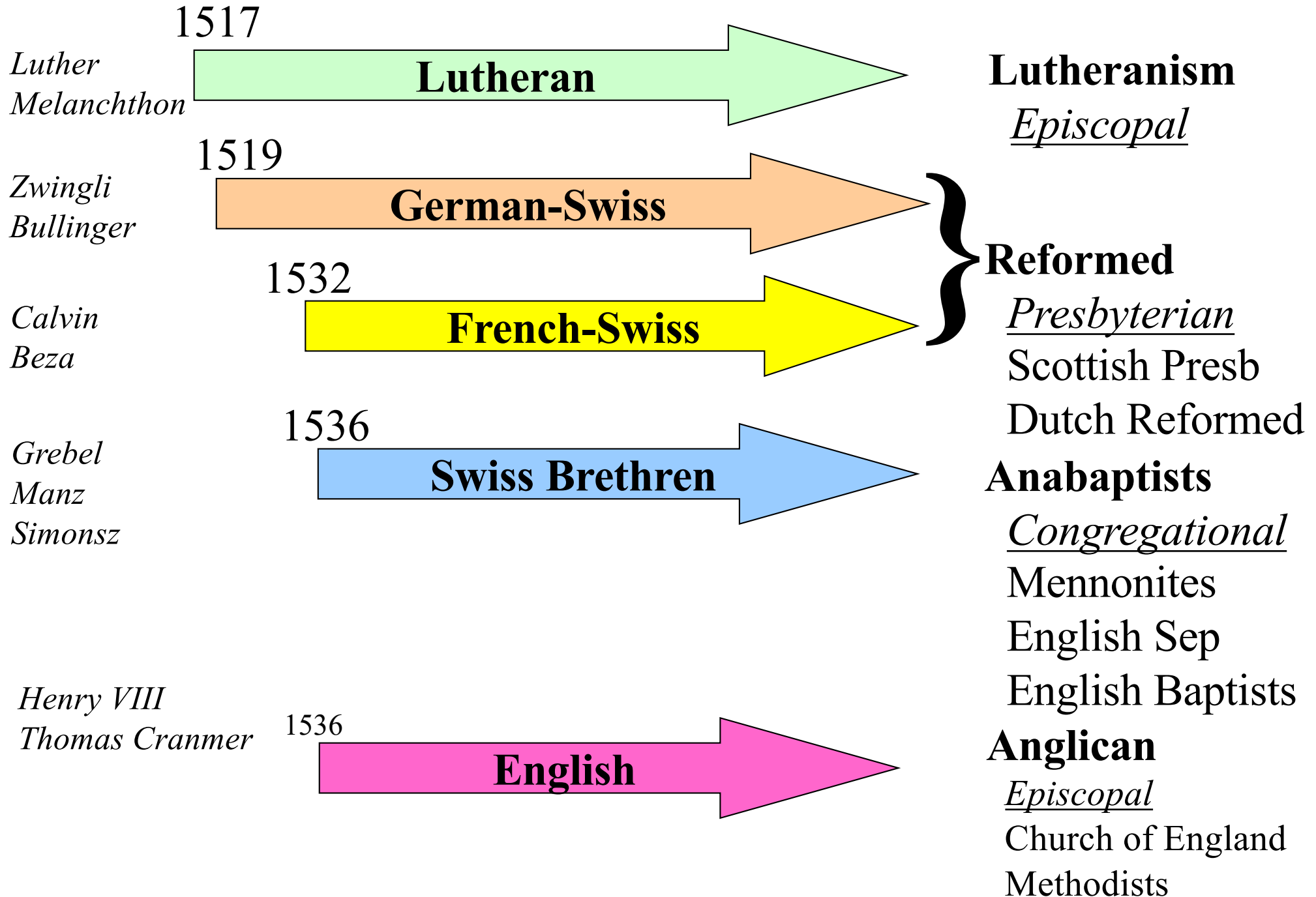
- Couldn't be Catholic – *illegitimate* in Rome
- Didn't like Protestantism
- “Via Media”
 - Catholic Rituals
 - Protestant Doctrine
 - “Supreme Governor” of Church
- Long rule



<i>Reformed Catholicism</i>	1509	Henry VIII	Rise of Puritanism
<i>Advanced Protestantism</i>	1547	Edward VI	
<i>Militant Catholicism</i>	1553	Mary Tudor	
<i>Anglicanism</i>	1558	Elizabeth	
	1603		



Reformation Traditions



1-Word Summary

• Catholic Church	Merit
• Luther	Justification
• Zwingli	Sovereignty
• Calvin	Omnipotence
• Arminius	Ability
• “Calvinism”	T.U.L.I.P.
• Knox	Thundering
• Henry VIII	Married.