

What Does It Mean to be *Evangelical*
Great Awakening, Part 2:
Revivalism

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Objectives

By the end of this session you should be able to

- Trace development of the **Great Awakening**
- Identify the key players: **3 W's**
- Describe the ministry of **Wesley** and **Edwards**

The 3 W's



George Whitefield

Whitefield



EdWards



Wesley

George Whitefield

- 1714 - 1770
- In 1738 made 1st of 7 visits to the America
- Ordained Anglican
- “Great Itinerant”
- Member of Wesley’s Oxford “Holy Club”
- Popular as G. Washington
- Huge crowds: 30,000



John Wesley

- 1703 - 1791
- “a brand plucked from the burning”
- Holy Club →
Methodism



Wesley vs. Whitefield

Son of Anglican rector

Son of tavern keeper

Strict religious upbringing

Worldly influences

Conversion: Aldersgate, 35

Oxford, 21

Preaching: Intellectual, doctrinal

Dramatic, emotional

Arminian (semi-Augustinian)

Calvinistic

Exceptional organizer

Exceptional preacher

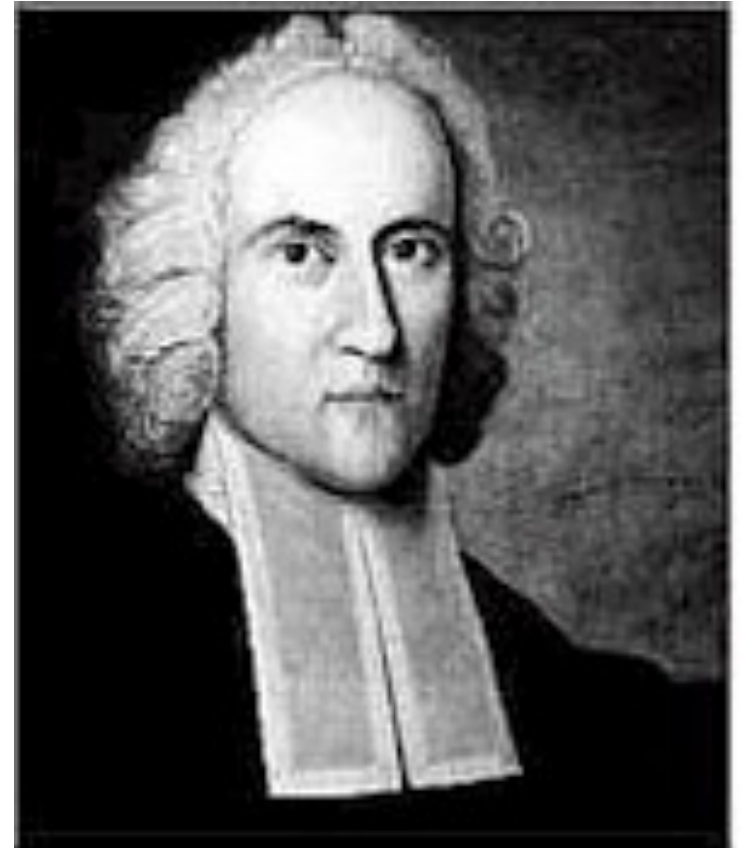
Methodism

- Hierarchical
- Episcopal



Jonathan Edwards

- 1703-1758
- Interpreter of and apologist for the Great Awakening



First Churches, Northampton

- Fifth Meeting House



Jonathan Edwards

In memory of Jonathan Edwards

Minister of Northampton

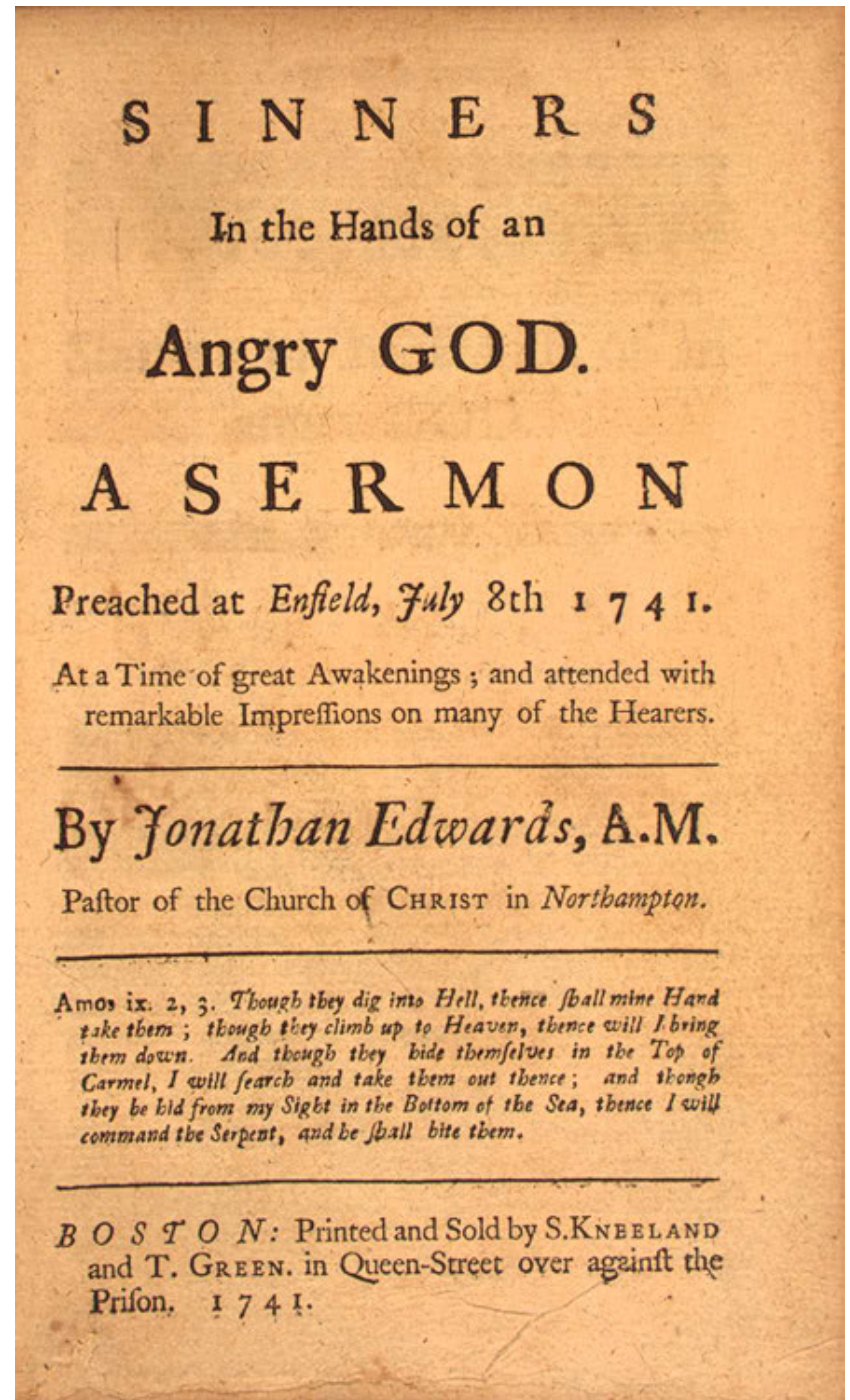
From Feb 15, 1727 to June 22, 1750

*“The law of truth was in his mouth,
and iniquity was not found in his
lips: he walked with me in peace
and equity, and did turn many
away from iniquity”*

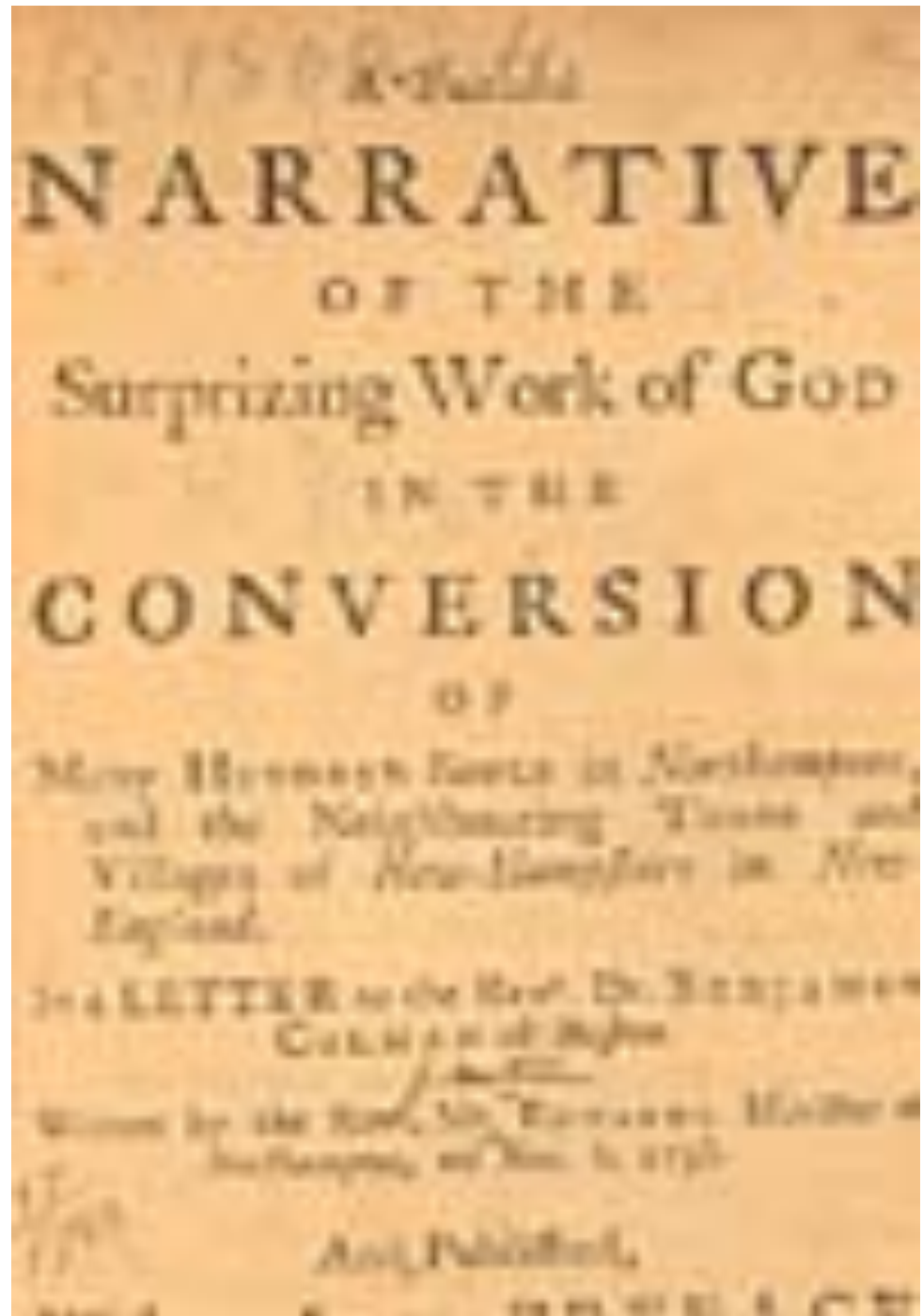
Malachi 2:6



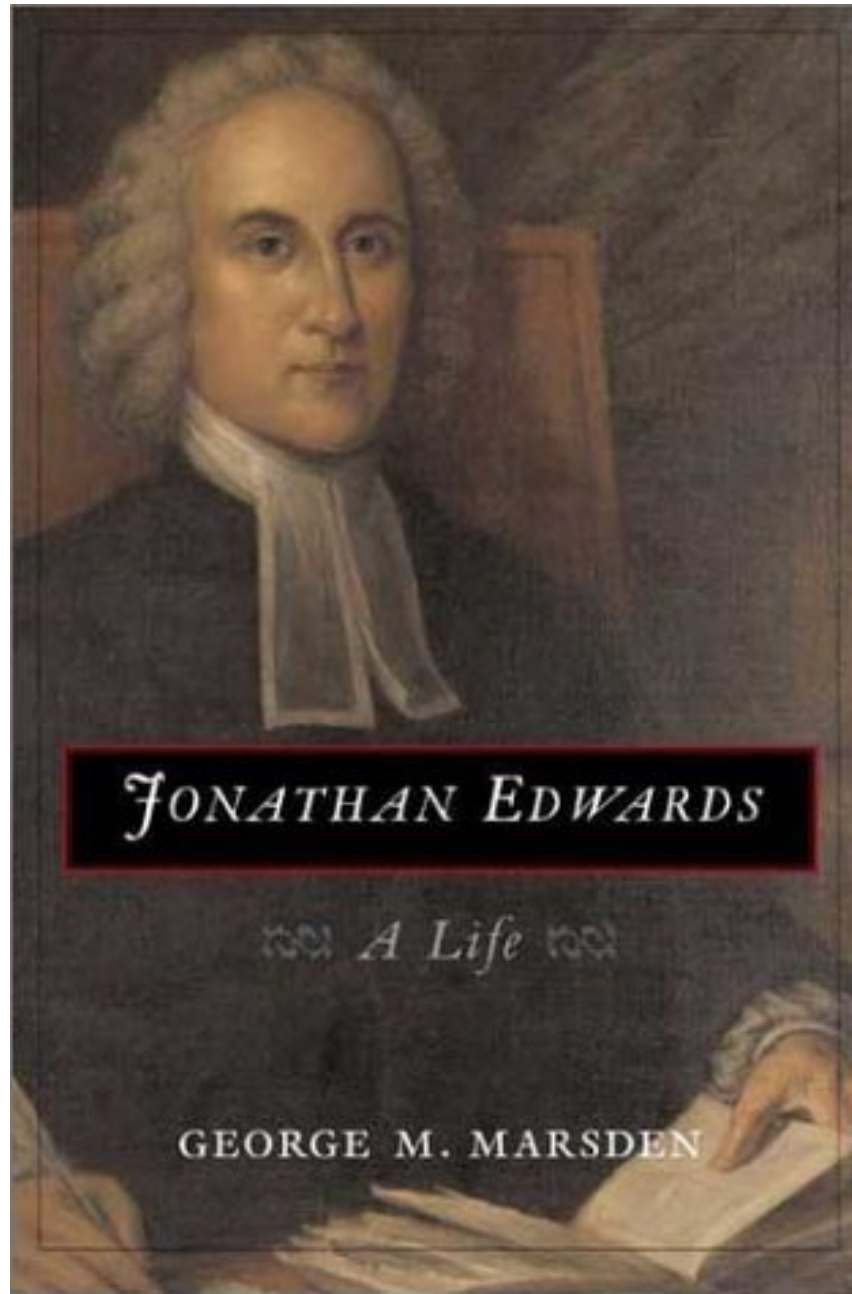
Sinners in the
Hands of an
Angry God.
Enfield, July 8,
1741



Revival of Northampton



Jonathan Edwards, A Life



1-Word Summary

- Pilgrims
 - Puritans
 - Whitefield
 - Wesley
 - Great Awakening
- Separatists
Saints
Dramatic
Methodism
Fire